

Storm Prediction Center



Мар

News Organization

Search for:

• SPC NCEP All NOAA Go

Local forecast by "City, St" or "ZIP"

City, St

Go





@NWSSPC

NCEP Quarterly Newsletter

Home (Classic) **SPC Products**

All SPC Forecasts Current Watches Meso. Discussions Conv. Outlooks **Tstm. Outlooks Fire Wx Outlooks** RSS Feeds **E-Mail Alerts** Weather Information **Storm Reports Storm Reports Dev. NWS Hazards Map National RADAR Product Archive NOAA** Weather Radio

Research

Non-op. Products **Forecast Tools** Svr. Tstm. Events **SPC Publications** SPC-NSSL HWT

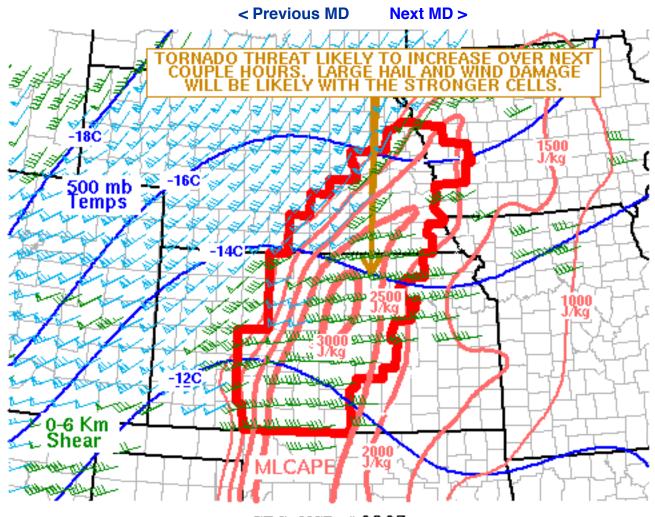
Education & Outreach About the SPC

SPC FAQ About Tornadoes About Derechos Video Lecture Series **WCM Page** Enh. Fujita Page **Our History Public Tours**

Misc. Staff

Contact Us SPC Feedback

Mesoscale Discussion 307



SPC MCD #0307

Mesoscale Discussion 0307 NWS Storm Prediction Center Norman OK 0500 PM CDT Tue May 01 2018

Areas affected...Central and Eastern Kansas...Southeast Nebraska...Southwest Iowa

Concerning...Tornado Watch 59...

Valid 012200Z - 020000Z

The severe weather threat for Tornado Watch 59 continues.

SUMMARY... The tornado threat across southeastern Nebraska and north-central Kansas is expected to increase over the next couple of hours. Large hail and wind damage will be likely with the stronger storms as the activity move eastward across tornado watch 59 through early evening.

DISCUSSION... The latest surface analysis shows a cold front moving southeastward across south-central Nebraska and northwest Kansas. $\,$ A



dryline extends southward from the front across west-central Kansas. A narrow corridor of maximized low-level moisture is present ahead of the dryline from north-central Oklahoma into north-central Kansas where surface dewpoints are generally in the lower to mid 60s F. This combined with surface heating has resulted in moderate instability with the RAP showing MLCAPE of 2000 to 3000 J/kg.

Radar imagery shows a line of semi-discrete storms ongoing along the western edge of moderate instability from near Hastings, NE to just east of Dodge City, KS. The cells within the line will continue to move eastward into stronger instability and should gradually intensify. Due to the instability, steep mid-level lapse rates of 8.5 to 9.0 C/km and strong deep-layer shear evident on the Hastings WSR-88D VWP, hailstones of greater than 2 inches in diameter will be possible with the stronger supercells. In addition, a 40 to 50 kt low-level jet is forecast to rapidly strengthen across central and eastern Kansas into southeast Nebraska early this evening. For this reason, low-level shear will become increasingly favorable for tornadoes. 0-3 km storm-relative helicities are forecast to increase into the 400 to 500 m2/s2 range suggesting that a strong tornado or two will be possible as well.

..Broyles/Edwards.. 05/01/2018

...Please see www.spc.noaa.gov for graphic product...

ATTN...WFO...DMX...EAX...OAX...TOP...ICT...GID...DDC...

LAT...LON 40079869 39019922 38309965 37739991 37159894 37169801 37339705 38269635 39249613 40799471 41549476 41449676 40079869

Top/All Mesoscale Discussions/Forecast Products/Home

Weather Topics:

Watches, Mesoscale Discussions, Outlooks, Fire Weather, All Products, Contact Us

NOAA / National Weather Service National Centers for Environmental Prediction Storm Prediction Center 120 David L. Boren Blvd. Norman, OK 73072 U.S.A. spc.feedback@noaa.gov Page last modified: May 02, 2018

Disclaimer
Information Quality
Help
Glossary

Privacy Policy
Freedom of Information Act (FOIA)
About Us
Career Opportunities