

# Storm Prediction Center



Map

**News Organization** 

Search for:

• SPC NCEP All NOAA Go

## Local forecast by "City, St" or "ZIP"

City, St

Go

SPC on Facebook



@NWSSPC

**NCEP Quarterly** Newsletter

#### Home (Classic) **SPC Products**

**All SPC Forecasts Current Watches** Meso. Discussions **Conv. Outlooks Tstm. Outlooks** Fire Wx Outlooks RSS Feeds E-Mail Alerts Weather Information

**Storm Reports Storm Reports Dev. NWS Hazards Map National RADAR Product Archive NOAA** Weather Radio

#### Research

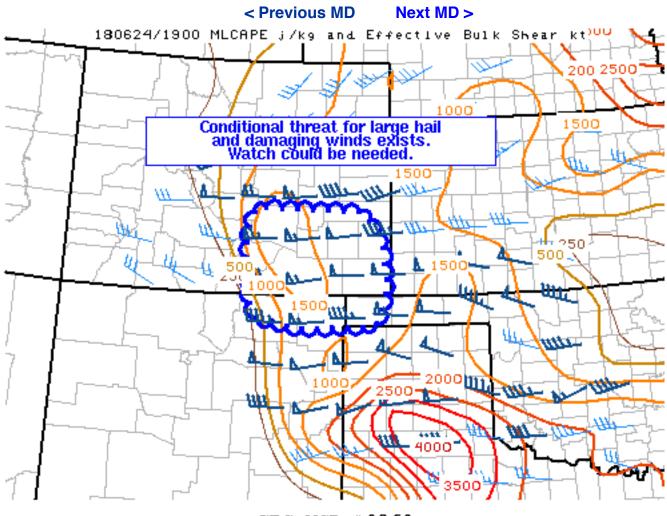
Non-op. Products **Forecast Tools** Svr. Tstm. Events **SPC Publications** SPC-NSSL HWT

### Education & Outreach About the SPC

**SPC FAQ About Tornadoes About Derechos Video Lecture Series WCM Page** Enh. Fujita Page **Our History Public Tours** Misc.

Staff Contact Us **SPC Feedback** 

# **Mesoscale Discussion 860**



SPC MCD #0860

Mesoscale Discussion 0860 NWS Storm Prediction Center Norman OK 0304 PM CDT Sun Jun 24 2018

Areas affected...Portions of the southern High Plains

Concerning...Severe potential...Watch possible

Valid 242004Z - 242130Z

Probability of Watch Issuance...60 percent

SUMMARY...Thunderstorms are expected to develop southward along the higher terrain of Colorado and then move east/southeast over the High Plains into this evening. While the spatial extent of any severe threat is uncertain, a few storms may be accompanied by large hail and damaging winds. A watch could be needed by late afternoon.

DISCUSSION...Considerable uncertainty remains due to the influence of processed low-level air behind a convective system now over Oklahoma. Still, convection appears to gradually be organizing over



the higher terrain of southern Colorado, aided by a shortwave trough pivoting southeast over the region. Further heating to the east and slow moistening/cooling aloft in association with the trough may be adequate to drive isolated severe convection moving east/southeast over the High Plains into this evening. Deep-layer profiles favor supercells, and 8-9 C/km mid-level lapse rates suggest large hail would be the predominant threat. Although this threat is conditional (and perhaps limited in eastward extent due to prior convective/outflow influence), it could necessitate a Severe Thunderstorm Watch.

..Picca/Thompson.. 06/24/2018

...Please see www.spc.noaa.gov for graphic product...

ATTN...WFO...AMA...PUB...ABQ...

LAT...LON 36630486 36890508 37940513 38480496 38470404 38430264 37900221 37320213 36870217 36480238 36460402 36630486

Top/All Mesoscale Discussions/Forecast Products/Home

Weather Topics:

Watches, Mesoscale Discussions, Outlooks, Fire Weather, All Products, Contact Us

NOAA / National Weather Service
National Centers for Environmental Prediction
Storm Prediction Center
120 David L. Boren Blvd.
Norman, OK 73072 U.S.A.
spc.feedback@noaa.gov
Page last modified: June 24, 2018

Disclaimer
Information Quality
Help
Glossary

Privacy Policy
Freedom of Information Act (FOIA)
About Us
Career Opportunities