

Storm Prediction Center



Site Map

News Organization

Search for:

• SPC NCEP All NOAA Go

Local forecast by "City, St" or "ZIP"

City, St

Go

SPC on Facebook



@NWSSPC

NCEP Quarterly Newsletter

Home (Classic)

SPC Products All SPC Forecasts **Current Watches** Meso. Discussions **Conv. Outlooks Tstm. Outlooks Fire Wx Outlooks** RSS Feeds E-Mail Alerts Weather Information

Storm Reports Storm Reports Dev. NWS Hazards Map National RADAR Product Archive NOAA Weather Radio

Research

Non-op. Products **Forecast Tools** Svr. Tstm. Events **SPC Publications SPC-NSSL HWT Education & Outreach**

About the SPC SPC FAQ

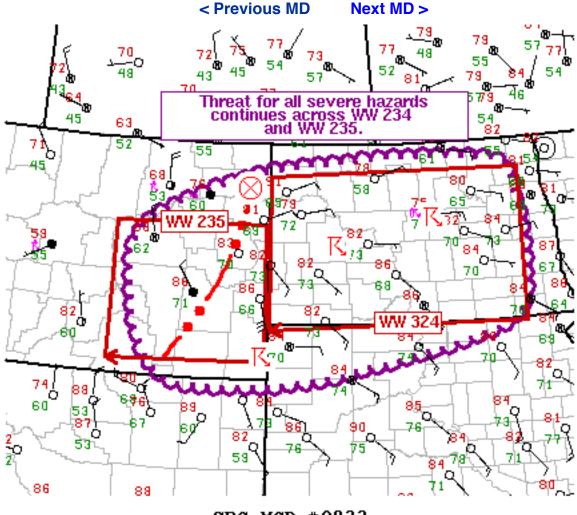
About Tornadoes About Derechos Video Lecture Series WCM Page Enh. Fujita Page

Our History Public Tours

Misc.

Staff **Contact Us SPC Feedback**

< Previous MD



Mesoscale Discussion 933

SPC MCD #0933

Mesoscale Discussion 0933 NWS Storm Prediction Center Norman OK 0906 PM CDT Thu Jun 28 2018

Areas affected...Eastern MT...Most of ND...Far Northwest SD

Concerning...Tornado Watch 234...235...

Valid 290206Z - 290330Z

The severe weather threat for Tornado Watch 234, 235 continues.

SUMMARY...Maturing convective line will continue to pose a threat for all severe hazards as it moves eastward across eastern MT and into western ND. Discrete storms ahead of the line also pose a threat for all severe hazards.

DISCUSSION...Thunderstorm coverage across eastern MT has increased over the past hour as the shortwave trough and attendant forcing for ascent continues to progress northeastward. Overall radar presentation indicates cold pool amalgamation has likely occurred



with these storms with the resulting convective line extending from about 20 mi E of OLF southwestward to the storm 50 mi NNE of SHR. Additionally, rotation within the reflectivity at the northern end of the line suggests a MCV/book-end vortex has developed, validating the overall organization of the convective system. Expectation is for the line to progress eastward, maintained by moist low-level inflow from a strengthening low-level jet and steep mid-level lapse rates. Primary threat with this line is strong wind gusts, some of which could be over 65 kt. Hail is also possible as are tornadoes, particularly in any areas of the convective line where the outflow surges forward.

A few discrete supercells also exist ahead of the convective line. Supercell in Carter County MT continues to pose a tornado threat (verified by storm-spotter video) as does the nearly stationary storm over Dunn County ND. Very large hail and strong wind gusts are also a threat from these discrete storms.

..Mosier.. 06/29/2018

...Please see www.spc.noaa.gov for graphic product...

ATTN...WFO...FGF...ABR...BIS...UNR...BYZ...GGW...

LAT...LON 47500722 48370487 48720182 48719875 48429793 46759769 45839835 44980303 44890590 45090666 45520709 46360740 47500722

Top/All Mesoscale Discussions/Forecast Products/Home

Weather Topics:

Watches, Mesoscale Discussions, Outlooks, Fire Weather, All Products, Contact Us

NOAA / National Weather Service
National Centers for Environmental Prediction
Storm Prediction Center
120 David L. Boren Blvd.
Norman, OK 73072 U.S.A.
spc.feedback@noaa.gov
Page last modified: June 29, 2018

Disclaimer
Information Quality
Help
Glossary

Privacy Policy
Freedom of Information Act (FOIA)
About Us
Career Opportunities